Yale UNIVERSITY LIBRARY

Hydra/Fedora

August 4, 2014

Library IT

Brief History of YUL Digital Collections

- CONTENTdm
- Greenstone
- Custom systems (Luna, Portfolio, dbtext, Filemaker Pro, Excel, etc.)
- ODAI
- Fedora (standalone collections, e.g., AMEEL, YFAD)

Fedora is...



- Flexible Extensible Digital Object Repository Architecture
- Open Source
- Used by hundreds of organizations
- Originally developed at Cornell, now led by Fedora Project Steering Group under stewardship of DuraSpace.org
- (<u>http://www.fedora-commons.org</u>)
- Currently engaged in development of Fedora 4

Hydra is...



- A Repository Solution
- A Community (25 partners now, including us)
- A Technical Framework
- Open Source Software
- www.ProjectHydra.org

If you want to go fast, go alone. If you want to go far, go together.

Hydra "Heads"

- Blacklight (for viewing)
- Ladybird (de facto)
- Avalon (A/V)
- Sufia (ScholarSphere)

Hydra Partners

- Duraspace
- Stanford University
- University of Hull
- University of Virginia
- MediaShelf
- University of Notre Dame
- Northwestern University
- Columbia University
- Penn State University
- Indiana University
- London School of Economics
- University of Oregon

- Rock and Roll Hall of Fame
- Royal Library of Denmark
- Data Curation Experts
- WGBH
- Boston Public Library
- Duke University
- Yale University
- Virginia Tech
- University of Cincinnati
- Princeton University
- Cornell University
- Case Western Reserve Univ.

Benefits of ongoing investment

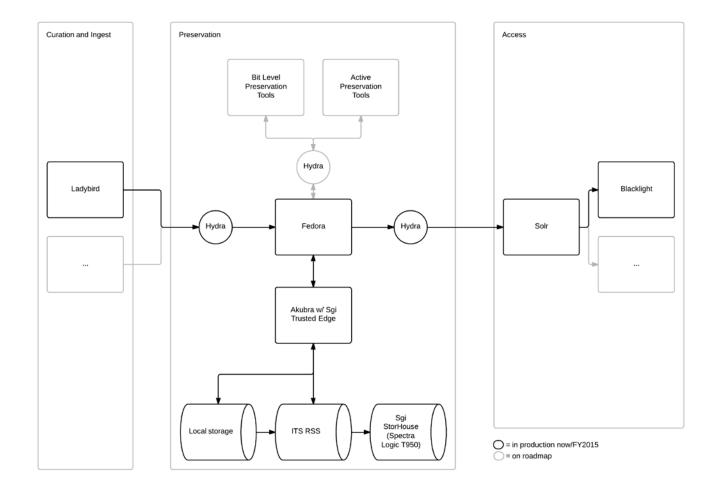
- Alignment with the Yale University Library's commitment to the stewardship of digital collections and content
- Unified, consistent, and efficient approach to long term access and retention
- Provide a consistent user experience across many collections and content types, along with discoverability
- Low risk of information loss
 - 4 copies of an object across 3 locations (New Haven, West Haven, Glastonbury) on 2 storage platforms
 - Internal integrity validation (checksum)
 - Media refreshing and replacing
- Low cost (compared to non-Yale service providers)



Software Architecture

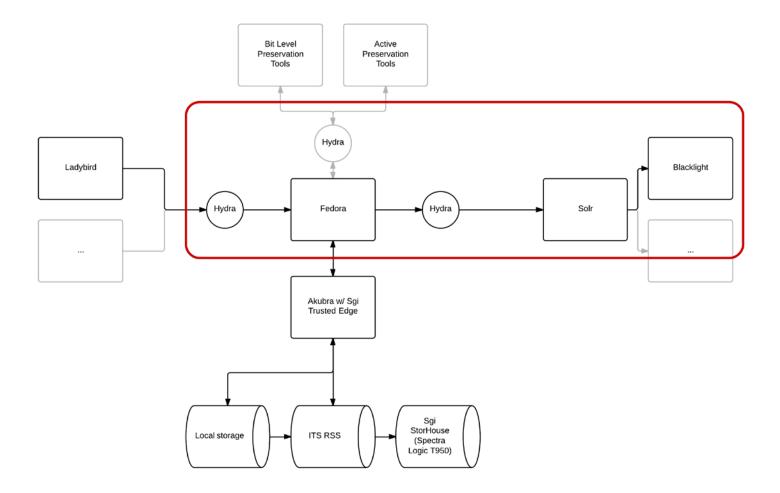
Current/FY2015 Implementation

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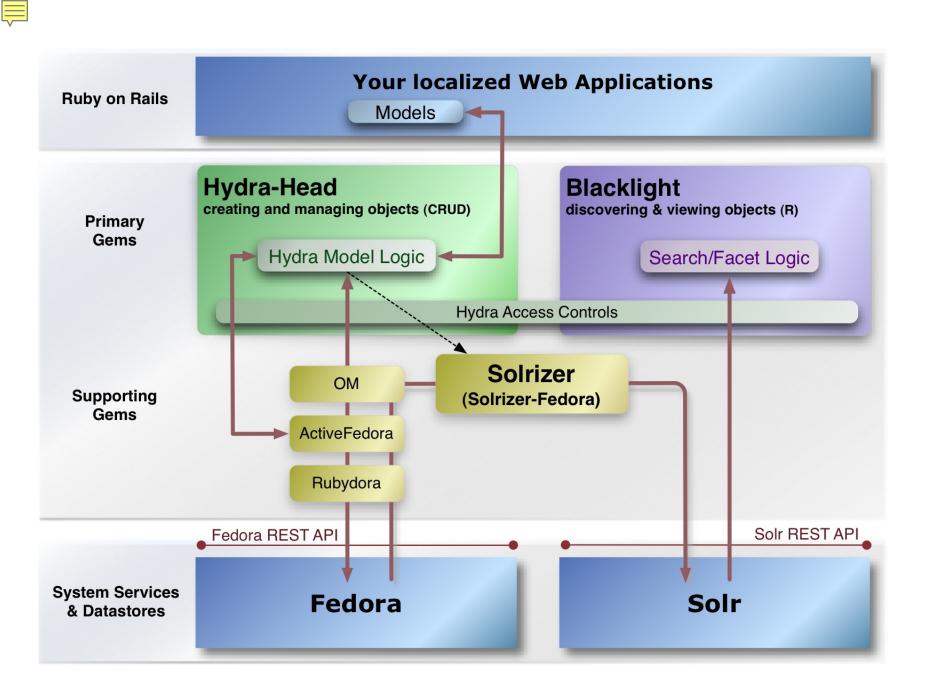
Hydra Project



Hydra Stack

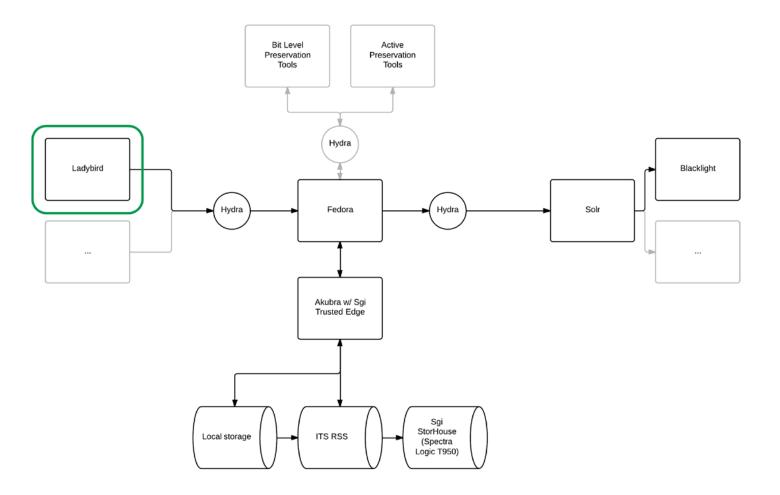
• <u>Fedora</u>

- <u>Blacklight</u>
- <u>Ladybird</u>
- <u>Active Fedora</u>
- <u>Apache Solr</u>
- Media Server
- Internet Archive Book Reader
- Ingest applications





Ladybird





What is Ladybird

LadyBird is a Hydra-compliant group of web-based and client applications designed to process digital collections including metadata management and digital media for both reformatted items and born-digital content across the Yale University Libraries.

LadyBird routes content to the Hydra/Fedora repository which in turn exposes content through our public discovery/access system, Blacklight.



Ladybird Goals

- Centralize image cataloging into a single tool
 - Luna, Portfolio, DB Text, Excel, FileMaker Pro, CONTENTdm
- Provide vocabularies that could be shared across the library
 - Potential for integrating Getty vocabularies and Linked Data
- Simplify the ingest of assets into the DAM hosted by YDC2
- Migrate content off Rescue Repository
- Simplify IT Support by having One System to manage

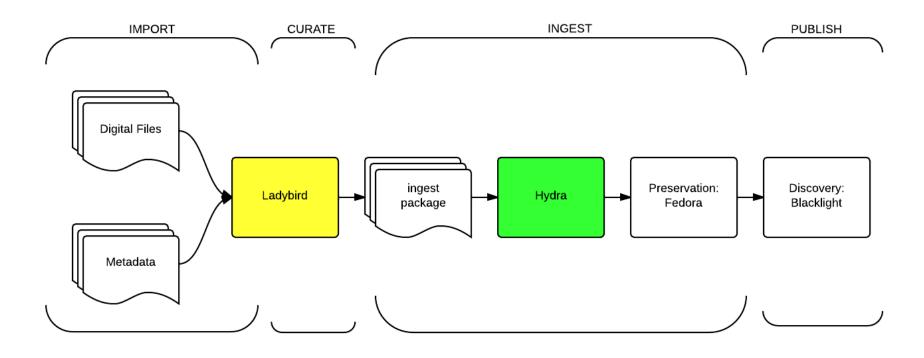
Ladybird

- Started June 2010
- Version 1.0 December 2013
- 20 background applications
- 4 desktop applications
- 3 web applications
- C# .Net 4.0
- 575,000 lines of source code

- 2,449,839 assets
- 2.5 mil on deck
- Growth: 1,500 assets per day
- 3 Microsoft SQL databases
- 360GB of raw data
- 20 TB files staged
- 40 TB to import
- A Jazz song by Tadd Dameron

Ladybird with Hydra

Import, Curate, Ingest, Publish





- Potential partners with: Columbia, Princeton, MIT, Northwestern
- Release Ladybird as Hydra Head
- Collection migration this fall
- Platform migration to Java 8, MySQL



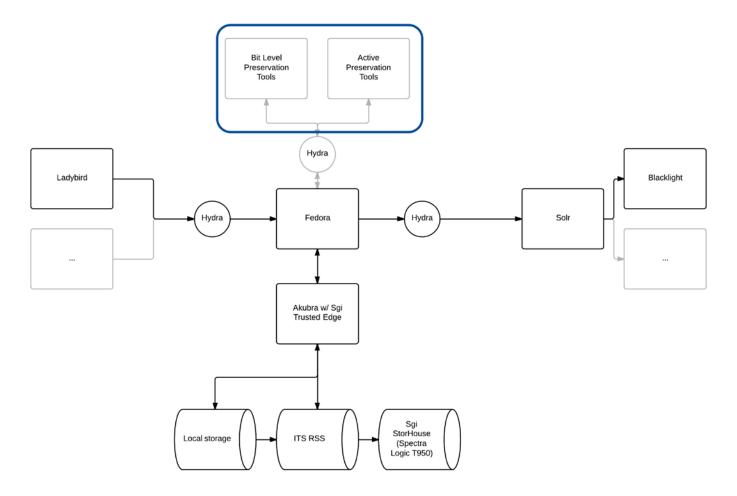
Hydra Roadmap

- Blacklight 5.x
- Fedora 4
- Open Archival Information System (OAIS) ingest model
- Workflow System Architecture
- Digital Preservation Interfaces
- Sufia Faculty Self Archiving
- Avalon A/V support
- Spotlight Exhibitions
- Auditing Statistics and Audit Trails

Preservation



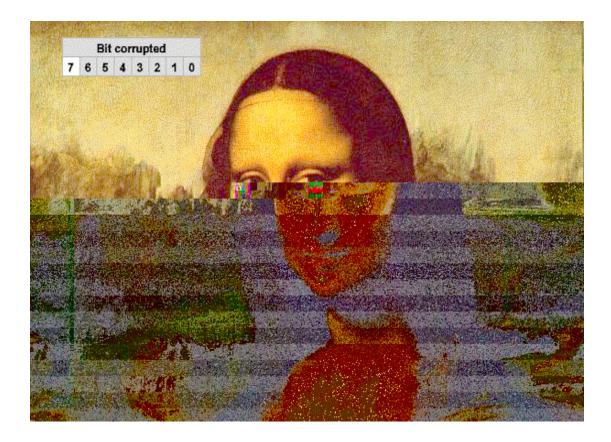
Preservation Tools



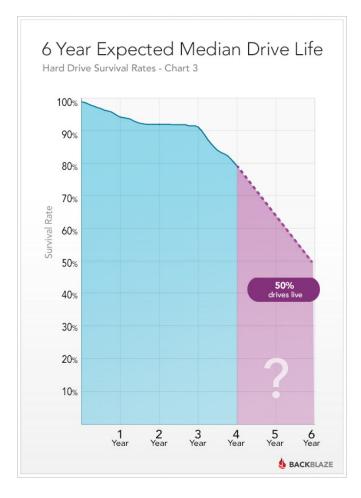
"Digital Information lasts forever or 5 years, whichever comes first"

Jeff Rothenberg. Scientific American, January 1995.

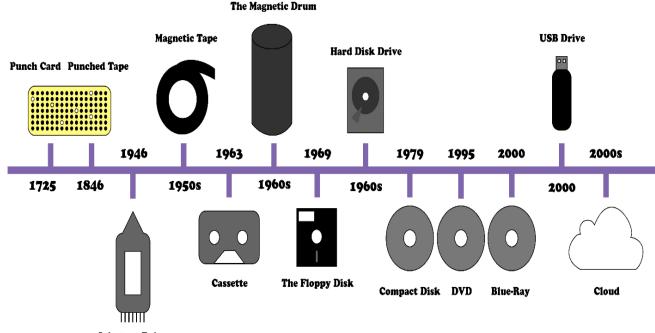
Digital Preservation Challenge: Bit Rot



Digital Preservation Challenge: Hardware Failure

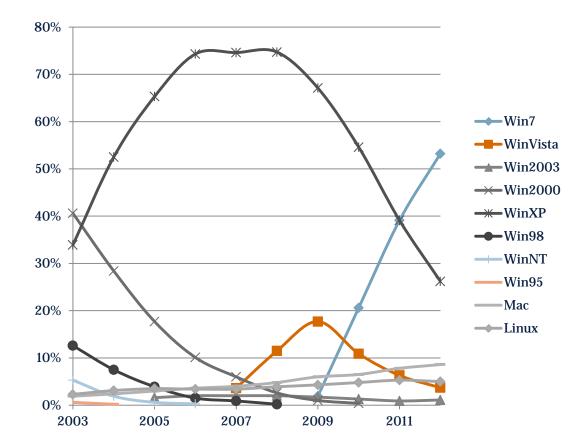


Digital Preservation Challenge: Hardware Obsolescence

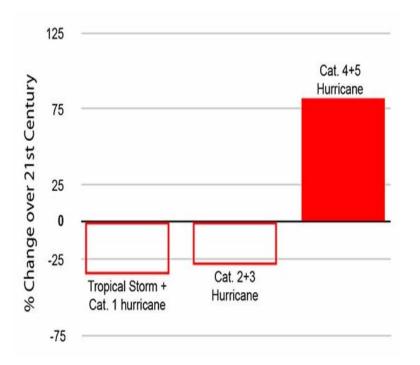


Selectron Tubes

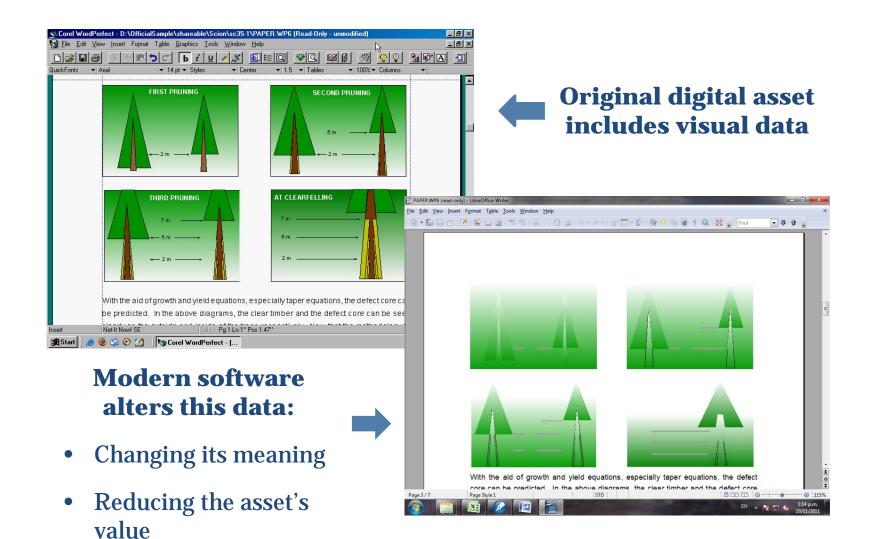
Digital Preservation Challenge: Software Obsolescence



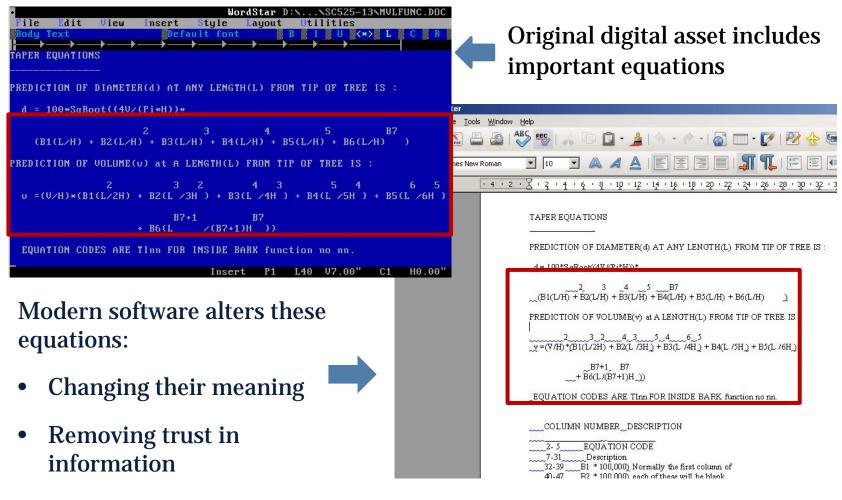
Digital Preservation Challenge: Natural Disasters



Digital Assets Degrade Without Maintenance

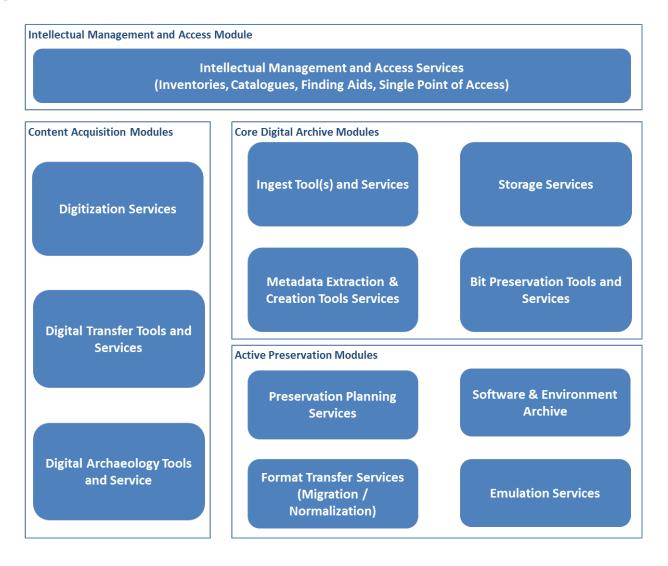


Inaction will Reduce Asset Value

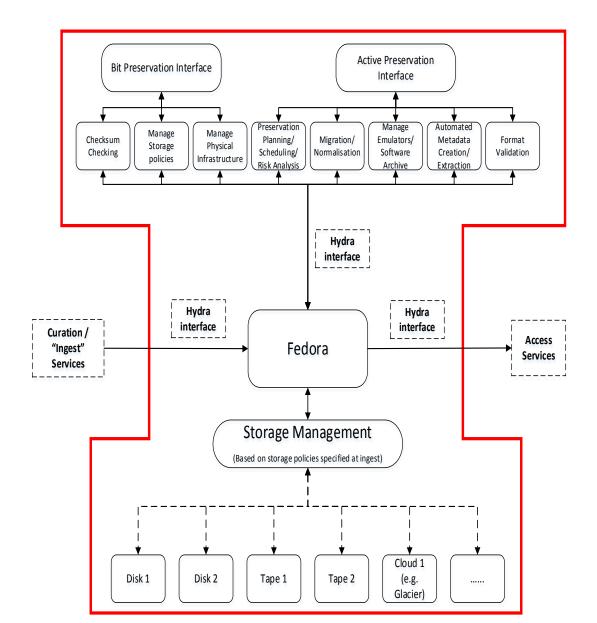


• Destroying the asset's value

Digital Preservation Tools & Services



Proposed Digital Repository and DPS Architecture



Proposed Basic Digital Preservation Services

ABit Preservation

At least 4 copies, stored in at least 3 locations with different risk profiles, regularly monitored, with seamless media & software management (refreshment, replacement, etc)

Secure Storage with Managed Access

Audited secure storage with authorized, timely access and clear exit strategies

Obsolescence Monitoring

Identify technichal characteristics of files, associate with interaction software and hardware, software and hardware obsolescence monitoring, informing content owners when content is becoming inaccessible

Provenance and Authenticity Assurance

Logging & preserving all provenance events, ability to report on history of activities, checksum creation, independent storage and regular validation

A Standards Compliance

Compliance with ISO 14721:2012: Open archival information system (OAIS) Reference model & with ISO 16363:2012: Audit and certification of trustworthy digital repositories

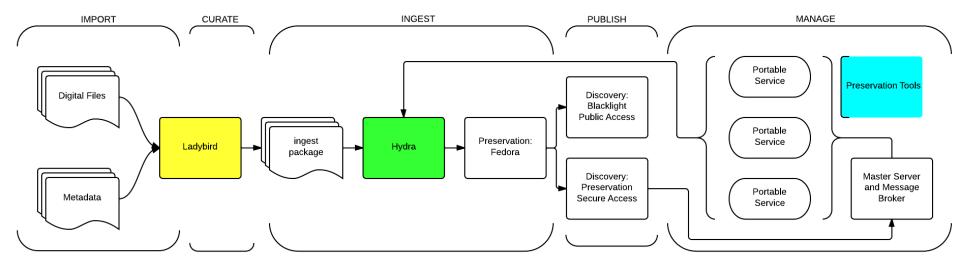
Digital Preservation Tools Roadmap

- Programming team formed
- Gathering use cases and user stories
- Platform selection

Simplest use case:

- Validate file: 17 sec average
- Validate current repository: 883 days
- Target: 1 day

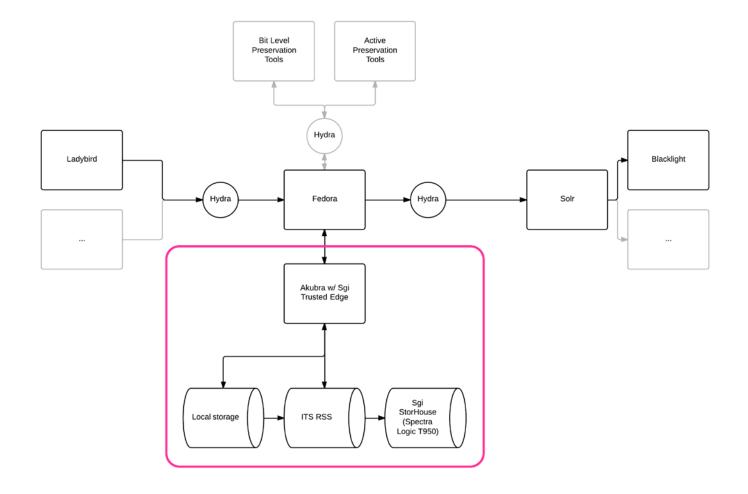
Digital Preservation with Hydra



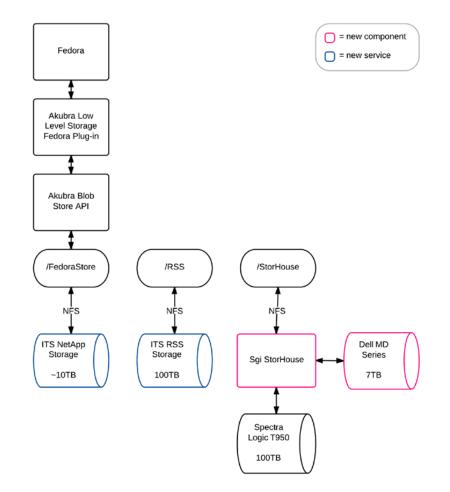
Infrastructure

Storage Infrastructure

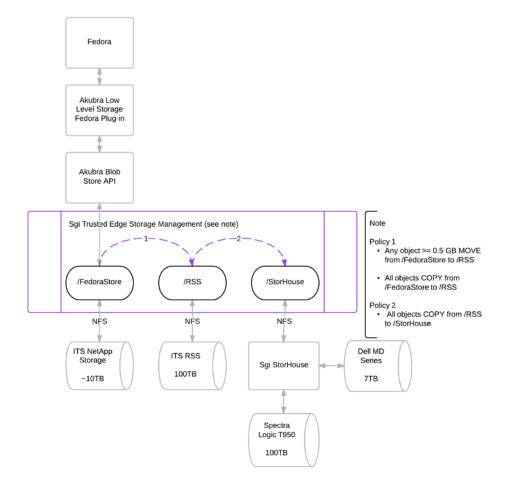
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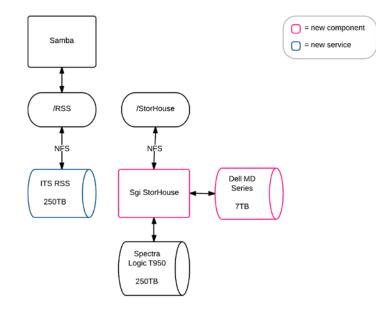
Proposed FY2015



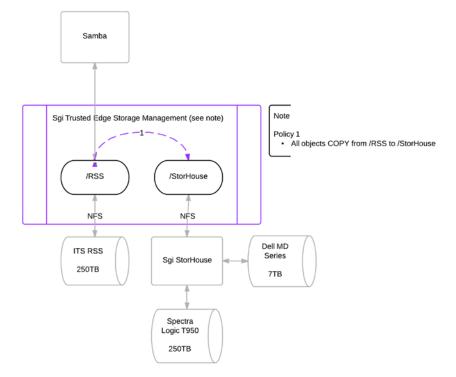
Proposed Trusted Edge Policy



Proposed FY2015 Staging



Proposed Staging Trusted Edge Policy



Storage Roadmap

Fall 2014

- Transition from NetApp storage to ITS RSS 2
- Stand-up Fedora 4 for testing. Configure and exercise new storage management layer (ModeShape/Infinispan).

Opportunities to explore

- Migration to Yale ITS Sgi StorHouse implementation
- ITS RSS 2 and/or HPC storage
- Out-of-region location for data replication
- Continue exploring external storage providers

A note about external storage providers

	Cost per	Endowment	Endowment	Content types		Bit	Active		
Service Provider	GB/Year	cost	Period	accepted	# of Copies	preservation?	Preservation?	Curation?	Access?
Chronopolis	\$2.15	N/A	N/A	all	3	Y	N	Ν	Ν
Digital Preservation Network (DPN)	\$0.83	\$4.88/GB	20 years	all	3	У	N	Ν	Ν
Dspace Direct	\$33.00	N/A	N/A	Limited	2 - 4	У	N	Р	Y
DuraCloud	\$1.11	N/A	N/A	all	2 - 4	У	N	Ν	Р
HathiTrust	N/A	N/A	Permanent	Limited	3	У	Р	Ν	Y
LOCKSS	N/A	N/A	N/A	Limited	N/A	У	Р	Ν	Р
OpenICPSR	\$6	\$60/GB	10 years	Limited	6	У	Р	Р	Y
Portico	N/A	N/A	N/A	Limited	"multiple"	У	Р	Р	Y
Preservica (Tessella)	\$2.74	N/A	N/A	all	"multiple"	У	Р	Ν	Y
DPS - Steady Growth	\$0.97	TBD	TBD	all	4	Y	Y	N	Ν
DPS - Medium Growth	\$0.82	TBD	TBD	all	4	Y	Y	Ν	Ν
DPS - High Growth	\$0.72	TBD	TBD	all	4	Y	Y	Ν	Ν

Possible Future Paths

- Research Data support
- Support for A/V via Avalon
- Support for self-archiving of materials via Sufia (and later via Hydramata project)
- Active preservation tools
- Embedding content in LMS systems via LTI
- Support for exhibitions via Spotlight
- GeoBlacklight
- ORCID support
- Fedora 4 active storage management, migration path

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