Music Cataloging at Yale [1] ? Call numbers [2]

This document explains the practices of assigning call numbers to scores in the Yale University Music Library. These practices may or may not coincide with those of other libraries.

It is the goal to have different manifestations of the same work or expression sit next to each other on the shelf. This may occasionally call for using an incorrect, but already existing class number or cutter number. If possible, when a class or cutter number is egregiously incorrect, reclass the item. If there are several items with the incorrect number, use that class or cutter number.

General guidelines for Class M [3] | Class numbers | Oversize

<u>Cutter numbers for main entry</u>: Composer as main entry (100) | Title as main entry: uniform title (130); title proper (245)

Additional elements for title: Opus or work number | Serial number | Cutter by first letter of title | Key | Date of composition | Other | Title implied by class number

Parts of a larger work: With a number designation | With a title

<u>Further elements needed to make the call number unique</u>: Capital letter | Publication date | Vocal range | Cutter

number by: Publisher ; Editor

Translations | Reprints

General guidelines for Class M

See LC classification: Class M [3]

Class numbers

Use class M for all printed music (with some exceptions for rare items and for facsimiles) and MT for instructional items that are scores (there are both books and scores classed in MT). The first line of the call number includes the class letter (M or MT) and number.

Class numbers for instrumental music: M6-M175 [4] | M180-M298.5 [5] | M300-M990 [6] | M1000/M1100, etc. [7] | M1005/M1105, etc. [8]

Class numbers for dramatic and vocal music: <u>M1500/M2000</u>, etc. [9] | <u>M1528/M2018</u>, etc. [10] | <u>M1611/M2102</u>, etc. [11]

Class numbers for instrumental instruction: MT179-MT735 [12]

Local practice for manuscripts and facsimiles

Facsimiles of scores or sketches are classed in ML96.4 (collections) and ML96.5 (individual works). Manuscripts are classed in Misc. ms. [no.]. Manuscripts are assigned sequential numbers.

Oversize

A plus sign (+) or double plus sign (++) is added to the end of a call number for books and scores 27 cm. in width or height or more. The existence of a plus or double plus sign does not make the call number unique.

Plus (+) = equal to or more than 27 cm. and up to or equal to 36 cm. in any direction (height or width) When an item is 36 cm. and will be bound commercially, the binding will add enough to the height that the item should be made a double plus (++).

Double-plus (++) = equal to or more than 37 cm. in any direction (height or width)

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Cutter number for main entry

For local practice in using cutter numbers, see Using the Cutter-Sanborn Three-Figure Author Table [13].

For the preferred order of cutters in call numbers at the Library of Congress, see Order of Cuttering in M [14]

The second line of the call number is a cutter number for main entry, using the first letter and two to four numbers.

Composer as main entry | Uniform title as main entry | Title proper as main entry

Composer as main entry

If the main entry is a composer, use the cutter number already for this composer: A = [15] B = [16] C = [17] D = [18] E = [19] E = [20] G = [21] E = [23] D = [24] E = [25] D = [26] D = [26

The Yale Music Library does not use decimal points in the cutter number: M939 not .M939

When there is a conflict with a cutter number (the cutter is the same as one assigned to another composer), check the class number in which the item will go to determine if another cutter for the composer has been established in that class. If there is none, search the person's name in Orbis to see if a specific cutter is being used for that person in other class numbers. If there is none, add an additional number to the cutter. When possible, adjust the number to ensure that the composers' names are in alphabetical order within that class number:

Kuhlau, Friedrich, 1786-1832 = **K96** Kuhnau, Johann, 1660-1722 = **K965**

Arne, Michael, 1741?-1786 = **A7479** Arne, Thomas Augustine, 1710-1778 = **A748**

Clarke, Herbert L. (Herbert Lincoln), 1867-1945 = **C5975** Clarke, Jeremiah, 1669?-1707 = **C598**

In the second two examples, for Arne and Clarke, the cataloger was required to add an additional number to the cutter number *preceding* the number already established for the first composer in order to make them sit on the shelf in alphabetical order.

Uniform title as main entry

If the main entry is a uniform title (130), cutter by the first word.

Squarcialupi codex. Il codice Squarcialupi ... ML96.5 S773

Codex Faenza. Selections.
Three madrigals for keyboard ...
M11 C669

Title proper as main entry

If the main entry is the title proper (245), cutter by the first word, excluding any initial article [38].

Assumpta est Maria : for 4 or 5 instruments ... M990 **A851**

The Fitzwilliam virginal book ...

M21 **F564** 1949

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Additional elements for title

Additional elements for title are added in most cases. It is best to use the same type of additional element for a composer's work in a given class number. Preferably, the choice of additional element is in this order of preference, but existing practice within a class number takes precedence:

- 1. Opus or work number
- 2. Serial number
- 3. Cutter number for first letter of the title
- 4. Key
- 5. Date of composition
- 6. Other
- 7. The title is implied by the class number (e.g., M8, M23, M219, M231, M1001, etc.)
- 1. Opus or work number [39], when known. Opus or work number is the preferred means of indicating title in the call number because it is a unique identifier for the work. The number may appear on the item or you may find it in another source:

M1001 B415 **op.91** M622 H415 **H II,1** M1004 S912 **AV80** M76 B118 **S.1007- 1008** M246 T268 **TWV41:a3**

When opus or work number is available, use that element only; do not also include a cutter number for title. For example, for this piece, "op.45" is unique enough to identify this work; adding "S4" for "serenade" would be redundant, since the title is already indicated by "op.45" in the call number:

Hétu, Jacques, 1938-2010.

Serenade, flute, string quartet, op. 45

M562 H591 op.45 not M562 H591 S4 op.45 or M562 H591 op.45 S4

When two works are included, both opus/work numbers will appear in the call number:

Sequential opus/work M452 M537 op.12,13

numbers: M1620 M492 op.19, op.19a

1911a

M221 M939 **K.374a-b**

Non-sequential M25 C966 **op.20,39** opus/work numbers: M25 G789 **op.3,61**

Special procedures for individual composers

J.S. Bach: Work numbers assigned to works by J.S. Bach should be preceded by S. (Schmieder) rather than BWV Bach-Werke-Verzeichnis). When needed in the uniform title, BWV rather than S is used. The number itself would be the same in either case:

M25 B118 **S.**906 not M25 B118 **BWV**906

<u>C.P.E. Bach:</u> Work index numbers assigned to works by C.P.E. Bach should be the W. (Wotquenne) numbers, even though the uniform titles are assigned the H. (Helm) numbers. They are not the same:

M242 B117 **W.123** not M242 B117 **H.550**

<u>Beethoven:</u> for WoO numbers, use "K." instead of "WoO" in the call number. The WoO number will be the same as the K. number.

Haydn:

String quartets: use the op. number instead of the H. number. The number not be the same: Uniform title: Quartets, strings, H. III, 45, C major

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Call number: M452 H415 op.50 no.2

Symphonies: use M. instead of H. in the call number. The H. number is used in the uniform title. The number will

remain the same:

Uniform title: Symphonies, H. I, 94, G major

Call number: M1001 H415 M.94

<u>Telemann:</u> TWV numbers assigned to works by Telemann are not sufficient to uniquely identify the works because they use upper and lower case letters to indicate the key. These appear in their correct case in the online shelflist. In ORBIS, however, all letters display as uppercase. This is misleading, since TWV43:a5 is not the same work as TWV43:A5. The ORBIS display may also be interpreted as ten different editions of TWV43, each with a cutter number for publisher. The solution to this is to always add the key to the call number when it includes a letter and a number to represent key:

Display in the online shelflist Display in ORBIS Display in ORBIS with key M412.4 T268 TWV43:a5 M 412.4 T 268 TWV 43 A 5 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 A 5 AMIN M 412.4 T 268 TWV 43 A 6 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 A 6 AMAJ M412.4 T268 TWV43:A6 M412.4 T268 TWV43:B2 M 412.4 T 268 TWV 43 B 2 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 B 2 BFLATMAJ M412.4 T268 TWV43:E2 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 E 2 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 E 2 EMAJ M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 E 5 EMIN M412.4 T268 TWV43:e5 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 **E 5** M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 ES 1 EFLATMAJ M412.4 T268 TWV43:Es1 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 ES 1 M412.4 T268 TWV43:F3 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 F 3 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 F 3 FMAJ M412.4 T268 TWV43:F4 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 F 4 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 F 4 FMAJ M412.4 T268 TWV43:F5 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 F 5 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 F 5 FMAJ M412.4 T268 TWV43:G9 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 G 9 M 412 4 T 268 TWV 43 G 9 FMAJ When the call number includes only the TWV number, don't add the key:

M512.4 T268 TWV44:5 M512.4 T268 TWV44:11 M659 T268 TWV44:43 M822 T268 TWV50:4

2. Serial number, when an opus or work numbering is unknown or lacking:

M452 A385 **no.1** M452 S559 **no.1-5**

For a series of numbered works with the same title for *different* instruments (they would class in different class numbers), cutter by the title and do not add the serial number:

M62 B511 S4	Berio, Luciano, 1925-2003	[Sequenza, no. 1]	Sequenza : per flauto solo
M117 B511 S42	Berio, Luciano, 1925-2003	[Sequenza, no. 2]	Sequenza II : per arpa sola
M1621.2 B511	Berio, Luciano, 1925-2003	[Sequenza, no. 3]	Sequenza III : per voce femminile
M25 B511 S4	Berio, Luciano, 1925-2003	[Sequenza, no. 4]	Sequenza IV : for piano
M92 B511 S4	Berio, Luciano, 1925-2003	[Sequenza, no. 5]	Sequenza V : for trombone solo
M47 B511	Berio, Luciano, 1925-2003	[Sequenza, no. 6]	Sequenza VI : per viola sola
M67 B511	Berio, Luciano, 1925-2003	[Sequenza, no. 7]	Sequenza VII : per oboe solo
M107 B511 S4 no.7b ¹	Berio, Luciano, 1925-2003	[Sequenza, no. 7b]	Sequenza VIIb : per sassofono
			soprano
M42 B511 S4	Berio, Luciano, 1925-2003	[Sequenza, no. 8]	Sequenza VIII : per violino solo
M107 B511 S4 no.9b ¹	Berio, Luciano, 1925-2003	[Sequenza, no. 9b]	Sequenza IXb : per sassofono
			soprano

¹ The serial number is needed here because there are two works with this title, but with different serial numbers, for saxophone. They are classed in the same class number.

For a series of numbered works with the same title for the *same* instrument (they would class in the same class number), see <u>below</u> in the section on cuttering by first letter of the title.

3. First letter of the title.

For local practice in using cutter numbers, see <u>Using the Cutter-Sanborn Three-Figure Author Table</u> [13].

When there is no opus, work, or serial number, cutter by the first letter of the title. When there is a uniform title in the 240 field, cutter by that title. If there is no uniform title in the 240, cutter by the first word, excluding any initial article [38], of the title proper (245):

M557.4 B1175 **F2** Bach, Jan. [**F**anfare and fugue, (cuttered by uniform title

trumpets (5)] (240))

M557.4 B1175 L3 Bach, Jan. Laudes (cuttered by title proper

(245))

M557.4 B1175 **R8** Bach, Jan. [Rounds and dances, (cuttered by uniform title

brasses (240))

When two different works by the same composer in the same class number would be assigned the same cutter number, add another number to the cutter number of the second work. As much as possible, adjust the number to ensure that the works appear in alphabetical order within that class number:

M261 C5975 **S7** Clarke, Herbert L. ... The **s**outhern cross M261 C5975 **S79** Clarke, Herbert L. ... **S**tars in a velvety sky

<u>For a series of numbered works</u> with the same title for the same instrument (they would be classed in the same class number), cutter by the title and add the serial number:

M25 I95 S9 no.20Ives, Charles, 1874-1954.[Studies, piano, no. 20]M25 I95 S9 no.21Ives, Charles, 1874-1954.[Studies, piano, no. 21]M25 I95 S9 no.22Ives, Charles, 1874-1954.[Studies, piano, no. 22]M25 I95 S9 no.23Ives, Charles, 1874-1954.[Studies, piano, no. 23]M25 I95 S9 no.5Ives, Charles, 1874-1954.[Studies, piano, no. 5]

When the first letter in the first word of a series of titles are all the same, cutter by the first letter of the second word: Palestrina, Giovanni Pierluigi da, 1525?-1594.

M2011 P157 Masses, book 1

M2011 P157 **A**8 Missa, **A**ssumpta est Maria

M2011 P157 **D**5 Masses, book 6. Missa **D**ies sanctificatus M2011 P157 **I**8 Masses, book 5. Missa **I**ste confessor

M2011 P157 L3 Missa Lauda Sion

M2011 P157 P2 Masses, book 2. Missa Papae Marcelli M2011 P157 P2 L8 Masses, book 2. Missa Papae Marcelli M2011 P157 P2 S6 Masses, book 2. Missa Papae Marcelli Masses, book 2. Missa Papae Marcelli M2011 P157 P2 S6

M2011 P157 T9 Missa, Tu es Petrus

When two or more editions of the *same* work are being cataloged, adding an additional cutter number is one method of making the call number unique, as explained in the section about <u>elements needed to make the call number unique</u>.

M2011 P157 P2 Masses, book 2. Missa Papae Marcelli M2011 P157 P2 L8 Masses, book 2. Missa Papae Marcelli M2011 P157 P2 S6 Masses, book 2. Missa Papae Marcelli

Specific works are assigned a cutter for title even when the opus, work, or serial number is known. After the cutter, a capital letter makes the call number unique as explained in the section about <u>elements needed to make the call number unique</u>:

Bach, Johann Sebastian, 1685-1750.

[Inventions, harpsichord, BWV 772-786]

M25 B118 I6

M25 B118 I6 A

M25 B118 I6 B

M25 B118 I6 C

M25 B118 **I6 D**

M25 B118 I6 E

M25 B118 **I6 F**

M25 B118 **I6 G**

M25 B118 **I6 H**

M25 B118 I6 I

4. Key. Use the key to distinguish among works when cuttering by title would not make sense (such as when the title is implied by the class number) and there is no other way to distinguish among them (opus, work, or serial

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number). For example, it would not make sense to cutter all of Telemann's sonatas for recorder by S6, S61, S62, etc., or Wagenseil's symphonies as S9, S91, S92, etc., so key is used to distinguish among them:

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M242 T268 Cmaj.
M242 T268 Fmaj.
M1001 W131 Dmaj.
M1001 W131 Emaj.
M1001 W131 Fmaj.
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When the key includes a flat sign, it is spelled out (e.g., flat) in the call number.

M129 P116 S9 Aflatmaj.

5. Date of composition

When there is no other means of assigning unique call numbers, the date of composition may be used. The date may appear in the uniform title, in the title proper, or in a reference source. To distinguish the piano sonata of 1949 from that of 1956:

Lilburn, Douglas, 1915-2001. [Sonatas, piano (1949)] M23.5 L728 **1949**

[Sonatas, piano (1956)]

M23.5 L728 **1956**

To distinguish the two violin, piano sonatas, the date is used. Since the mode of the keys were not used in the uniform title, using the letters E and C in the call numbers would imply different editions of the same work, as described in <u>Section 6. Other</u> below.

Hindemith, Paul, 1895-1963. [Sonatas, violin, piano, E] Sonate in E fur Geige und Klavier (1935) M219.5 H662 **1935**

[Sonatas, violin, piano, C] Sonate fur Violine und Klavier, 1939 M219.5 H662 **1939**

6. Other

Specific works are assigned a letter rather than an opus or work number or cutter. When the end of the alphabet is reached, begin with AA, BB, etc. When to use this practice can be determined only by consulting the shelflist.

For example, this work might normally be assigned the call number M51 B118 S.1007-1012. However, it was set up as M51 B118. To distinguish among the various editions, a capital letter is added to the call number for each new edition that is cataloged:

Bach, Johann Sebastian, 1685-1750.

[Suites, violoncello, BWV 1007-1012]

M51 B118 A

M51 B118 B

M51 B118 **C**

M51 B118 **C** 1983

M51 B118 **D**

M51 B118 **E**

M51 B118 F

M51 B118 **G**

M51 B118 **H**

M51 B118 I

M51 B118 **J**

M51 B118 **K**

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M51 B118 L

7. The title is implied by the class number (e.g., M8, M23, M219, M231, M1001, etc.)

Some class numbers imply a title, e.g.,

M8= organ sonatasM23 [40]= piano sonatas (click [40] for local Yale practice in M23)M219 [40]= violin sonatas (click [40] for local Yale practice in M219)M231 [40]= cello sonatas (click [40] for local Yale practice in M231)M1001= symphonies

In these classes, it does not make sense to cutter by title because everything in that class number would be cuttered by the same cutter number: sonata = S6; symphony = S9

If the composer has written only one work of that type that would be classed in that class number, do not include a cutter number for title:

Benson, Warren, 1924-2005. [Sonatina, violoncello, piano]

M231.5 B474

Boatwright, Howard.

[Symphony]

M1001 B662

However, do include a cutter number for title if the work has a distinctive title, such as:

Becker, John J.

[Soundpiece, no. 3]

Soundpiece, no. 3: a sonata: for violin and piano

M219.5 B395 S7

Constant, Marius, 1925-2004.

Nana symphonie

M1001 C757 N1

If the composer has written more than one sonata/sonatina or symphony in that class number, use either opus or work number, serial number, key, year, etc. to distinguish among them. For example:

Serial number	Year of composition	Key
M23.5 B136 no.1	M219.5 H662 1935	M219.5 T338 Amaj.
M23.5 B163 no.2	M219.5 H662 1939	M219.5 T338 Dmaj.
		M219.5 T338 Gmaj.
M1001 C784 no.1		_
M1001 C784 no.2	M1001 H662 S9	M1001 C573 Bbmaj.
	1940	
M1001 C784 no.3	M1001 H662 S9	M1001 C573 Dmaj.
	1946	

These violin sonatas by Bach are cuttered by work number only, since S6 (sonata) is implied by the class number and is redundant. (Elements to make the call number unique are added as explained in the section about <u>elements</u> needed to make the call number unique).

M219.5 B118 S.1015 M219.5 B118 S.1017 M219.5 B118 S.1018 M219.5 B118 S.1019 M219.5 B118 S.1021 M219.5 B118 S.1021 B14 M219.5 B118 S.1021 H3 M219.5 B118 S.1021 W6 M219.5 B118 S.1022 M219.5 B118 S.1022

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M219.5 B118 S.1023 B8

Parts of a larger work

Add an additional element to the call number when cataloging a part of a larger work.

Parts of a larger work with a <u>number designation</u> | title

For parts of a larger work with a number designation, add it on a separate line:

M242 A139 op.6 **no.1** M242 A139 op.6 **no.3** M242 A139 op.6 **no.6** M252 M939 K.439b **no.1**

Veracini, Francesco Maria, 1690-1768.

Sonatas, violin, continuo (1716). No. 8; arranged.

M261 V474 1716 no.8

Brahms, Johannes, 1833-1897.

Sonatas, clarinet, piano, op. 120

M250 B813 op.120

There are two sonatas in op. 120; both are included in this edition. The call number reflects the entire opus number.

Sonatas, clarinet, piano, op. 120. No. 1 M250 B813 **op.120 no.1** Only no. 1 is in this edition Sonatas, clarinet, piano, op. 120. No. 2 M250 B813 **op.120 no.2** Only no. 2 is in this edition When a part of a larger work has a serial number, but the work itself has no work or serial number, use a cutter number for the title of the work followed by the serial number for the part of the work:

Haussmann, Valentin, active 1588-1611.

Neue Paduane und Galliarde. Paduan, no. 29
M990 H377 N4 no.29

When a part of a larger work has both a serial number *and* a title, generally use the serial number rather than a cutter number for the part in the call number:

Brana, Hernan.

Pieces for young brass quintet. **6**, Basso ostinato 6 pieces for young brass quintet. 6, Basso ostinato M557.4 B816 **P6 no.6** not M557.4 B816 P6 **B3**

When the work itself has a work, opus, or serial number, but the individual parts have titles, but no numbers, use the work, opus, or serial number for the larger work with a cutter number for title of the part.

Mozart's incidental music Thamos, König in Ägypten is K. 345; the individual parts are titled but not numbered: Mozart, Wolfgang Amadeus, 1756-1791.

[Thamos, König in Ägypten. Gottheit, Gottheit über Alle mächtig] Gottheit! Dir sey Preiss und Ehre! M2020 M939 **K.345 G6**

Two or more (but not all) numbered parts are included:

Sequentially numbered parts:

Byrd, William, 1539 or 1540-1623.

In nomines, voices (4), **no. 1-2** these are not complete; otherwise the indication of no. would be unnecessary M990 B995 **I3 no.1-2**

Satie, Erik, 1866-1925. **N**octurnes, piano, **no. 1-3**

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M25 S253 N7 no.1-3

Bach, Johann Christian, 1735-1782.
Sonatas and duetts, **op. 15. No. 3-4**M219.3 B1172 **op.15 no.3-4** v Bach, Johann Christian, 1735-1782.
Sonatas, keyboard instrument, **op. 5. No. 2-4**M23.3 B1172 **op.5 no.2-4**

Corelli, Arcangelo, 1653-1713. Sonatas, violin, continuo, **op. 5, no. 7-12** M242 C797 **op.5 no.7-12**

Kozeluch, Leopold, 1747-1818. Pieces, piano, P. XIII:6-17 M25 K88 P XIII no.6-17

Rheinberger, Josef, 1839-1901.
Stücke, violin, organ, **op. 150. Abendlied**Abendlied und Gigue: fur Violine und Orgel: **op. 150 Nr. 2 und 3**Rheinberger, Josef, 839-1901. Stücke, violin, organ, **op. 150. Gigue.**M221 R469 **op.150 Nr.2,3**

Non-sequentially numbered parts:

Dering, Richard, approximately 1580-1630.
Pavans, voices (5), **no. 1**Dering, Richard, d 1580 (ca.)-1630. Pavans, voices (5), **no. 7**.
M990 D433 **P3 no.1,7**

When a composer has written several "books" with the same title, include the book number in the call number when only the item in hand does not contain all the books:

Godard, Benjamin, 1849-1895. Etudes, piano, **op. 149. Book 1** M25 G577 **op.149 bk.1**

Buus, Giacques, -1565. Ricercars, book 1 M990 B989 R2 bk.1 Ricercars, book 2 M990 B989 R2 bk.2

Debussy, Claude, 1862-1918. Preludes, piano, book 1 M25 D289 P9 B bk.1

When both books of preludes are published together, the call number does not include designation of books: M25 D289 P9

Two books of madrigals are included in this edition:

Monteverdi, Claudio, 1567-1643.

Madrigals, book 4

Monteverdi, Claudio, 1567-1643. Madrigals, book 5.

M1549 M782 M1 bks.4-5 D7

Loeillet, Jean Baptiste, 1688-Sonatas, flute, continuo, op. 5, livre 1. No. 4 M246 L8252 **op.5/1 no.4**

Even when an equivalent word for "book" is used in the uniform title, but the English abbreviation "bk." in the call

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number:

Byrd, William, 1539 or 1540-1623. Gradualia, liber 2. Selections M2086 B995 G7 bk.2

In these examples, however, the abbreviation for the word "series" or "part" is the word used in the uniform title. Use that in the call number:

Debussy, Claude, 1862-1918.

Images, piano, 2nd ser.

M25 D289 I3 Ser.2

Wolpe, Stefan. Studies, piano. Part 2 M25 W866 **S9 pt.2**

<u>For parts of a larger work</u> with a title, add a cutter number for it on a separate line: (**Note:** this is local practice; LC policy is to add no more than two cutter numbers)

Copland, Aaron, 1900-1990. Rodeo. Hoe-down M1045 C784 R6 H6

Wagner, Richard, 1813-1883.

Ring des Nibelungen. Gotterdammerung. Trauermarsch
M1045 W134 R5 G5 T7

Strozzi, Barbara, 1619-1677.

Madrigals, book 1. Con le belle non ci vuol fretta
M1552 S926 C7

Madrigals, book 1. Consiglio amoroso
M1552 S926 C75

Monteverdi, Claudio, 1567-1643. Madrigals, book 8. Hor ch'el ciel e la terra M1531 M782 **H8**

Gussago, Cesario. Sonate con alcuni concerti. **O**nofria M990 G982 **O5**

Frescobaldi, Girolamo, 1583-1643. Canzoni, 1o libro. **B**ernardina M293 F884 **B5**

Banchieri, Adriano, 1568-1634. Canzoni alla francese. Feliciana M990 B213 C2 F3

Franck, Melchior, -1639.
Recreationes musicae. Canzon
M990 F8227 R3 C2

Guami, Gioseffo, 1542-1611.

Canzonette alla francese. Lucchesina
M990 G912 C2 L9

Cavaccio, Giovanni, approximately 1556-1626.

Musica. Pavana

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M990 C376 M9 P3

Further elements needed to make the call number unique

A <u>capital letter</u>, <u>date of publication</u> when a publisher reissues a work, cutter number by <u>vocal range</u>, <u>publisher</u>, <u>editor</u>, or some other aspect can be used.

Capital letter

M231 B118 S.1027-1029 M231 B118 S.1027-1029 A M231 B118 S.1027-1029 B M231 B118 S.1027-1029 C

Bach, Johann Sebastian, 1685-1750.

[Wohltemperierte Klavier, 1. T.]

M24 B118 W8 A

M24 B118 W8 A 1959

M24 B118 W8 A 1995

M24 B118 W8 B

M24 B118 W8 C

M24 B118 W8 CC

M24 B118 W8 D

M24 B118 W8 DD

M24 B118 W8 EE

M24 B118 W8 F

M24 B118 W8 FF

M24 B118 W8 H

M24 B118 W8 I

Score and parts:

When parts are published separately from the score, the parts are usually assigned the same call number with the letter A [or B, C, etc. as needed].

score: M557.4 B1175 L3 **parts:** M557.4 B1175 L3 **A**

<u>Date of publication when a publisher reissues the piece:</u> Add the date when a publisher reissues the same work at a later date:

Carter, Elliott, 1908-2012. Night fantasies: for piano

New York: Associated Music Publishers, c1982.

New York, N.Y.: Associated Music Publishers; Milwaukee, WI: Distributed by H. Leonard Corp., 1995.

M22 C323 N6 M22 C323 N6 **1995**

Both are published by Associated Music Publishers.

Rossini, Gioacchino, 1792-1868.

[Signor Bruschino. Vocal score]

M1503 R835 S57 R5

M1503 R835 S57 R5 1983

Both are published by Ricordi. The second is a reissue of the first.

R5 = Ricordi (see cutter number by publisher)

Vocal range

Arias for bass M1507 A696 L3
Arias for soprano M1507A696 L32
Arias for mezzo-soprano M1507 A696 L33

Published on Yale University Library (https://web.library.yale.edu)

Arias for tenor M1507 A696 L**342**Arias for baritone M1507 A696 L**35**

Handel, George Frideric, 1685-1759. 45 arias from operas and oratorios M1507 H135 **K11H** Handel, George Frideric, 1685-1759. 45 arias from operas and oratorios M1507 H135 **K11L**

Italian arias of the Baroque and Classical eras

M1507 I88 **H** [high voice]
M1507 I88 **L** [low voice]
M1507 I88 **M** [medium voice]

Publisher

Schubert, Franz, 1797-1828.

Auf dem Strom

M1621.3 S384 op.119 P4

Haydn, Joseph, 1732-1809.

[Sonatas, piano]

M23 H415¹ Universal Edition
M23 H415 B83 Breitkopf & Härtel

M23 H415 **D7 D**over

M23 H415 **H5**M23 H415 **P4**G. **H**enle Verlag

C.F. **P**eters

This chart lists the cutter numbers already established for the major music publishers. Use the the *Cutter-Sanborn Three-Figure Author Table* for any not listed here.

Cutter	Publisher	Cutter	Publisher
A4	Amadeus	K1	Kalmus
B2	Bärenreiter	L4	Leeds
B7	Boosey & Hawkes	M1	MCA
B83	Breitkopf & Härtel	P4	Peters
D7	Dover	R5	Ricordi
E88	Eulenburg	S3	Schirmer
H5	Henle	S37	Schott
16	International	U5	Universal

Editor

Use the *Cutter-Sanborn Three-Figure Author Table* for the editor. Generally use only one number following the letter (e.g., B4 rather than B47 or B475 for the editor Rita Benton) unless a longer cutter number is needed to break a conflict.

Debussy, Claude, 1862-1918.

[Songs. Selections]

M1620 D289 **B4** edited, with translations of the texts, by Rita **B**enton

M1620 D289 **B8** a critical edition by James R. **B**riscoe

M1620 D289 **K1**H edited by Sergius **K**agen

Here, the cutter number for editor for the second item needs an additional number to break the conflict with the call number for the first item.:

Scarlatti, Domenico, 1685-1757. [Sonatas, harpsichord. Selections]

M23.3 S2862 **L8** edited by Arthur Loesser

M23.3 S2862 **L85** [a cura di] Longo

Translations

An extra number is added to the title cutter number to indicate that the item is a translation. Reserve number 1 for

¹This call has number for this edition has no cutter for publisher because it was the first edition added to the collection.

Published on Yale University Library (https://web.library.yale.edu)

translations from any language *into English*; any other number can be used for translations from any language into any language *other than English*. This is generally the case with books; however, practice varies with scores due to the high number of translations for vocal scores. Usually, another means of indicating the item is a translation is used, one of the <u>elements needed to make the call number unique</u>.

In this example, an extra number is added to the title cutter number (although "1" is used for an Italian translation): Massenet, Jules, 1842-1912.

[Roi de Lahore. Vocal score] Le roi de Lahore : opera en 5 actes

M1503 M415 R7

Massenet, Jules, 1842-1912.

[Roi de Lahore. Vocal score. Italian]

Il re di Lahore; opera in 5 atti de Luigi Gallet.

M1503 M415 R74

These call numbers appear to be vocal scores, one in the original language and two translations; however, the title cutter numbers represent three different works by Andre Messager:

M1503 M583 B3 Bearnaise. Vocal score M1503 M583 B31 Basoche. Vocal score M1503 M583 B32 Beatrice. Vocal score

Reprints

Add the original date of publication followed by a lower case letter as the last line of the call number. This is added whether or not we own the original edition. If not, when we receive it, it would be assigned the same call number as the reprint minus the lower case letter following the date:

Senaille, Jean Baptiste, approximately 1688-1730.

[Sonatas, violin, continuo, 2e livre]

Deuxieme livre de sonates a violon seul : avec la basse-continue

Basel : M. Meadow, [198-] M219.5 S474 **1712a**

We do not own the original edition of this item. If we receive it, it will be assigned this call number: M219.5 S474 1712

If we receive more than one reprint of the same publication, assign lower case letters to the original date of publication alphabetically:

Scarlatti, Domenico, 1685-1757.

[Sonatas, harpsichord. Selections]

Essercizi per gravicembalo / Domenico Scarlatti. -- Farnborough Hants., England : Gregg International Publishers, 1967.

M23.3 S2862 K59 C1 1738a

Scarlatti, Domenico, 1685-1757.

[Sonatas, harpsichord. Selections]

Essercizi per gravicembalo / Domenico Scarlatti. -- Firenze : Studio per edizioni scelte, 1985.

M23.3 S2862 K59 C1 1738b

An *incorrect* way of doing this is adding an additional cutter number, as was done below:

Original edition:

Geminiani, Francesco, 1687-1762.

[Sonatas, violin, continuo, op. 1]

Le prime sonate a violino, e basso, di F. Geminiani. Nuovemento ristampate, e con diligenza corrette, aggiuntovi ancora per maggior facilita le grazie agli adagj, ed i numeri per la trasposizione della mano ... -- Londra [s.n.] 1739. M219.5 G322 op.1 1739

Reprint received first:

Published on Yale University Library (https://web.library.yale.edu)

Geminiani, Francesco, 1687-1762.

[Sonatas, violin, continuo, op. 1]

Le prime sonate a violino, e basso / di F. Geminiani. -- Karslbad-Dittersbach : Zimmermann, 1988.

M219 G322 op.1 1739a

Reprint received second:

Geminiani, Francesco, 1687-1762.

[Sonatas, violin, continuo, op. 1]

Le prime sonate a violino, e basso / di F. Geminiani. -- Wyton, Huntingdon, Cambs. : King's Music, [198-]

M219 G322 op.1 1739a K5

The correct way is: M219 G322 op.1 1739b

Source URL:https://web.library.vale.edu/cataloging/music/call-numbers-for-scores

Links

[1] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music [2] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/call-numbers [3] http://web.library.vale.edu/cataloging/music/class-m [4] http://web.library.vale.edu/cataloging/music/m6m175 [5] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/m180m298 [6] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/m300m990 [7] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/m1000 [8] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/m1005 [9] http://web.library.vale.edu/cataloging/music/m1500 [10] http://web.library.vale.edu/cataloging/music/m1528 [11] http://web.library.vale.edu/cataloging/music/m1611 [12] http://web.library.vale.edu/cataloging/music/mt179 [13] http://web.library.vale.edu/cataloging/music/local-practice-in-class-m#cuttertable [14] http://web.library.vale.edu/cataloging/music/shelflis#cutterorder [15] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cuttera [16] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterb [17] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterc [18] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterd [19] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cuttere [20] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterf [21] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterg [22] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterh [23] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutteri [24] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutteri [25] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterk [26] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterl [27] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterm [28] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cuttern [29] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cuttero [30] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterp [31] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterr [33] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterr [33] http://web.library.vale.edu/cataloging/music/cutters [34] http://web.library.vale.edu/cataloging/music/cuttert [35] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cuttery [36] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterw [37] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/cutterxyz [38] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/initial-articleslisted-by-language [39] http://web.library.vale.edu/cataloging/music/work-numbers-for-authorized-access-points [40] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/local-practice-in-class-m#sonatas