Capitalization of foreign terms

Music Cataloging at Yale [1] ? RDA [2]

Capitalization of foreign terms based on RDA Appendix A

Note: this page was created with music cataloging in mind.

name headings | other areas of the bib record | calendar divisions, time periods | other: hyphenated prefixes, single letters, abbreviations, etc. | Miscellaneous See also Capitalization of key, opus, and numbers [3]

Name headings

Personal name headings (See also <u>Recording names (RDA 8.4-8.5)</u> [4])

	• '	•			
	English (A10-A.30)	French (A.40)	German (A.41)	Italian (A.43)	Spanish (A.53)
Prefixes [5]	if in a language other than English, follow the usage of the person; if in doubt, capitalize it				
Names of	corporate hadies				

Names of corporate bodies Finalish	French	German	Italian	Snanish
First word of each name the name of an international organization or alliance the full name of a legislative or judicial body; administrative department, bureau, or office; armed force (or component part of an armed force) and an accepted shortened form of name for any of these; the name of an institution, association, conference, company, religious denomination or order, local church, etc., or of a department or division and a noun, noun phrase,	French 1st word, adjective preceding 1st noun, the 1st noun, all proper nouns	German	Italian 1st word, proper nouns, religious terms, word following an adjective denoting royal or pontifical privilege	Spanish

adjective, or adjectival phrase derived from the name that refers to a member or members of the body but No: an article preceding the name, even when it is part of the official name; a generic word (e.g., society, company, conference) when

(A.2.1) For names with unusual capitalization, follow the capitalization of the commonly known form

Other areas of the bibliographic record

used alone or with

an article

	English	French	German	Italian	Spanish
Nouns	No Plural generic term belonging to two or more proper names Yes: when it precedes the distinctive nouns No: when it follows the nouns.	capitalize nouns denoting nationality	Yes		
Titles of persons	Yes: any title or term of honour or address that immediately precedes a personal name; the name or abbreviation of an academic degree, honour, religious order, etc.; esquire, junior, senior and their abbreviations; religious title; term of honour or respect; epithet occurring with, or used in place of, a personal name; name of a people, race, tribe, or ethnic or linguistic group and	No: titles designation rank or office Yes: titles of address or reference ° Saint. No: when refers to a person; Yes: otherwise		Yes for ceremonial titles consisting of a possessive pronoun and a noun expressing an abstract quality; No: otherwise San (santo, etc.): No: when refers to a person; Yes: when it is abbreviated and when it is an integral part of the name of a place, a building, etc.	° titles of honour and address when they are

Proper	an adjective derived from such a name; oname of a language No: a word derived	No: names of and	Yes: adjectives that	No: names of and	No
name derivative s	from a personal or place name when it is used with a specialized meaning	adjective derived from names of: » members of religious groups, etc., political, other organizations; » religions; » languages; » adjectives derived from geographic names » common noun used as a generic word in a geographic name Yes: nouns indicating nationality, but No: adjectives indicating nationality	consist of a personal name followed by an apostrophe and the ending —sche (including its inflected forms, but No: other adjectives containing a personal name Yes: ° indeclinable adjectives derived from geographic names; ° adjectives, pronouns, and numerals used as parts of a name or title No: proper adjectives	adjective derived from names of: » members of religious groups, etc., political, other organizations; » religions; » languages; ° adjectives derived geographic and personal names; Yes: nouns indicating nationality, but No: adjectives indicating nationality	
Personal pronouns	No	No	No but Yes: Sie and Ihr and their inflected forms when used in formal address	No: <i>io</i> but Yes: pronouns of formal address	No: <i>yo</i> but Yes: pronouns of formal address
Geographi c names	Yes: name of a geographic feature, region, etc. but No: a descriptive adjective not part of an accepted name				
Political divisions	Yes: o the name of a political division (e.g., a country, state, province, city); o a popular name of a place, or the name of a legendary place; o a word such as empire, kingdom, state, country, and city following a proper name if it is a commonly accepted part of the name but No:	Yes: état when it refers to the nation		Yes: stato when it refers to the nation	

when such a word when used alone to indicate a political

division.

Names of Yes: structures, ° the name of a streets, building,

etc.

No: rue and its synonyms ° église: No: when

monument, or other it indicates a building, but Yes: when it refers to the church as an

synonyms ° chiesa: No: when building, but Yes: it indicates a when it refers to the building, but Yes: when it refers to the institution

° iglesia: No: when it indicates a

church as an

church as an institution

No: via and its

street No: words such as institution

structure, and the

name of a road or

avenue, bridge, hotel, and park when they are used

alone

Calendar divisions, time periods

	English	French	German	Italian	Spanish
days of	Yes	No		No	No
the week	Yes	No		No	No
months	No			Yes when pro	per
seasons	Yes			names	
centuries	Yes				
cultural					
periods					

Other: hyphenated prefixes, single letters, abbreviations, etc.

	English	French	German	Italian	Spanish
Single	Yes including		See Capitalization		
letters	° the interjection O		of key [6]		
used as	or Oh;				
words or	° a letter that refers				
parts of co	to a letter of the				
mpounds	alphabet.				

(e.g., A major; A-<u>Dur</u> [6])

holidays

Hyphenat 1st part: Yes: when ed compo guidelines require

2nd part: unds Yes: when

> » it is a noun or a proper adjective; » it has the same force as the 1st

part No: when

» it modifies the

1st part; » the 2 parts constitute a single word

Hyphenat No: when joined by a hyphen to a ed capitalized word, prefixes unless other

Capitalization of foreign terms

Published on Yale University Library (https://web.library.yale.edu)

guidelines require its capitalization ous

<u>Miscellaneous</u>				
English	French	German	Italian	Spanish
		No:		
		° cardinal numbers		
		under one million;		
		° adverbs;		
		° verbal phrases;		
		° adjectives		
		modifying nouns		
		that are implied if		
		the noun has been		
		expressed		
		elsewhere in the		
		same sentence;		
		° fractions when		
		they directly		
		precede a noun or		
		a cardinal number		

Source URL: https://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/capitalization

Links

[1] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music [2] http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/rda [3]

http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/capitalization-of-key-opus-and-number [4]

http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/recordnames [5]

http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/RDAentryele [6]

http://web.library.yale.edu/cataloging/music/capitalization-of-key-opus-and-number#key