Constructing access points (RDA 9.19) and variant access points (RDA 9.2) to represent persons


Note: this page was created with music cataloging in mind.

General guidelines on constructing access points (9.19.1) | Title or other designation (9.19.1.2) | Date of birth and/or death (9.19.1.3) | Fuller form of name (9.19.1.4) | Period of activity (9.19.1.5) | Profession or occupation (9.19.1.6) | General guidelines on constructing variant access points (9.19.2.1)

(9.19.1.1) General guidelines on constructing access points

Use the preferred name for the person [3] (9.2.2) as the basis for the access point.

Make additions to the name as instructed at 9.19.1.2-9.19.1.6, in that order, as applicable.
° Make the additions specified at 9.19.1.2 even if they are not needed to distinguish access points representing different persons with the same name.
° Make the additions specified at 9.19.1.3-9.19.1.6 if they are needed to distinguish access points representing different persons with the same name.

Optional addition: Make the additions specified at 9.19.1.3-9.19.1.6 even if they are not needed to distinguish access points representing different persons with the same name.

If no suitable addition is available, use the same access point for all persons with the same name. Use an undifferentiated name indicator (8.11) to indicate that the name is undifferentiated.

LC practice/PCC practice: Differentiating authorized access points for persons

Include the date of birth and date of death if available in the authorized access point for a person when creating a new name authority record.

If an addition is needed to differentiate the authorized access point for one person from the authorized access point for another person, apply cataloger judgment when choosing to add one of the following (not listed in priority order) to the authorized access point being established:
° period of activity of the person,
° fuller form of name,
and/or
° profession or occupation.

If there are no additions readily available to differentiate the access point in the new authority record, make an addition to the existing authorized access point.

(9.19.1.2-9.19.1.6) Additions to access points representing persons

(9.19.1.2) Title or other designation associated with the person

Add to the name one or more of the following elements (in this order), as applicable:
° a title of royalty (9.4.1.4) or nobility (9.4.1.5)
° the term Saint [4] (9.6.1.4)
° title of religious rank (9.4.1.6-9.4.1.8)
° the term Spirit [4] (9.6.1.5)
° the profession or occupation [5] (9.16) for a person whose name consists of a phrase or appellation not conveying the idea of a person.

Exceptions:
° Title of nobility: Add a title of nobility only if the title or part of the title commonly appears with the name in resources associated with the person or in reference sources.
° Disregard reference sources dealing with the nobility.
° In case of doubt, add the title.
° Saint: Do not add Saint to an access point representing a pope or an emperor, empress, king, or queen.

(9.19.1.3) Date of birth and/or death
Add the **date of birth** [6] (9.3.2) and/or **date of death** [7] (9.3.3) if needed to distinguish one access point from another.

**Optional addition:** Add the date of birth and/or death even if there is no need to distinguish between access points.

**LC practice/PCC practice for Optional addition:** Authority records:

New records: Add a date of birth and/or date of death to new authority records, even if not needed to distinguish between access points.

Existing records: Unless otherwise changing the 100 field, do not add a date of birth and/or date of death to an existing AACR2 or RDA authorized access point without dates.

**LC practice/PCC practice** (9.19.11): Giving dates for persons:

° If giving both a date of birth and a date of death or giving a span of dates for period of activity, separate the dates with a hyphen.

° If giving only a date of birth, use a hyphen after the date
  » Do not use the term "born" with the date.

° If giving only a date of death, use a hyphen before the date
  » Do not use the term "died" with the date.

° If giving a date or dates for period of activity, use "active" and "century" rather than the abbreviations "fl." and "cent."
  » The term "active" should appear before the first period of activity date (e.g., "active 12th century")

**Examples:**

**Year of birth and death both known:**
- Jolson, Al, ‡d 1886-1950
- Schmidt, Franz, ‡d 1874 December 22-1939

**Only year of birth or year of death known:**
- Gragnani, Filippo, ‡d 1767-
- Franck, Melchior, ‡d -1639
- Bedyngham, John, ‡d -1459?

**Year of birth or death known to be one of two years:**
- Finck, Heinrich, ‡d 1444 or 1445-1527
- Fischer, Johann, ‡d 1646-1716 or 1717
- Johnson, John, ‡d -1594 or 1595
- Leaumont, Marie Robert, ‡c chevalier de, ‡d 1762 or 1764-1812 or 1814

**Approximate dates:**
- Bassani, Giovanni Battista, ‡d approximately 1650-1716
- Janitsch, Johann Gottlieb, ‡d 1708-approximately 1763
- Šťastný, Jan, ‡d approximately 1764-
- Biggs, E. S. ‡q (Edward Smith), ‡d -approximately 1820
- Brumel, Antoine, ‡d approximately 1460-approximately 1515
- Senfl, Ludwig, ‡d approximately 1486-1542 or 1543
death one of two years:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Active dates:</th>
<th>Schlick, Arnolt, ‡d active 1512</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single year:</td>
<td>Browne, John, ‡d active approximately 1490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single approximate year:</td>
<td>Reiner, André ‡d active 1828-1831</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range of years:</td>
<td>Goscalch, ‡d active 1385?-1395</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range of years; beginning date questionable:</td>
<td>Rush, ‡c Mr. ‡q (George), ‡d active approximately 1760-1780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range of years with approximate beginning year:</td>
<td>Courteville, Raphael, ‡d active 1687-approximately 1735</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range of years with approximate end year:</td>
<td>De Domarto, Petrus, ‡d active approximately 1470-approximately 1485</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range of years with approximate beginning and end years:</td>
<td>Ruiz de Ribayaz, Lucas, ‡d active 17th century</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Century:</td>
<td>Anthonello, ‡c de Caserta, ‡d active 14th century-15th century</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(9.19.1.4) Fuller form of name

Add a fuller form of the person's name [8] (9.5) if needed to distinguish one access point from another.

° Make this addition when the person's date of birth or date of death (9.19.1.3) is not available.

Optional addition: Add a fuller form of name even if there is no need to distinguish between access points. Add the fuller form of name before the date of birth and/or death.

LC practice/PCC practice for Optional addition: Authority records:

New records

Apply the option to provide a fuller form of name if a part of the forename or surname used in the preferred name is represented by an initial or an abbreviation, if the cataloger considers it important for identification.

° Add unused forenames or surnames only if needed to distinguish one access point from another.

Existing records

Unless otherwise changing an existing heading (e.g., conflict), do not change an existing AACR2 or RDA heading merely to add or remove a fuller form of name.

(9.19.1.5) Period of activity of the person

Add the period of activity of the person [9] (9.3.4) if needed to distinguish one access point from another. Make this addition when the following elements are not available:

° date of birth and/or death (9.19.1.3)

or

° fuller form of name (9.19.1.4)

Optional addition: Add the period of activity of the person even if there is no need to distinguish between access points.

LC practice/PCC practice for Optional addition: Do not apply.

(9.19.1.6) Profession or occupation

Add a term indicating the class of persons engaged in the profession or occupation of the person [5] (9.16), if needed to distinguish one access point from another.

Make this addition when the following elements are not available:

° date of birth and/or death (9.19.1.3)

or

° fuller form of name (9.19.1.4)

or

° period of activity (9.19.1.5)

(9.19.2.1) General guidelines on constructing variant access points

Use a variant name for the person [10] (9.2.3) as the basis for the access point.

Make additions to the name, if considered important for identification, applying the instructions at 9.19.1.2-9.19.1.6, as applicable.

LC practice/PCC practice: In addition to the reason given in the instruction, also make additions to a variant access point when needed to break a conflict with an authorized access point in another record, or with another variant access point in the same record.